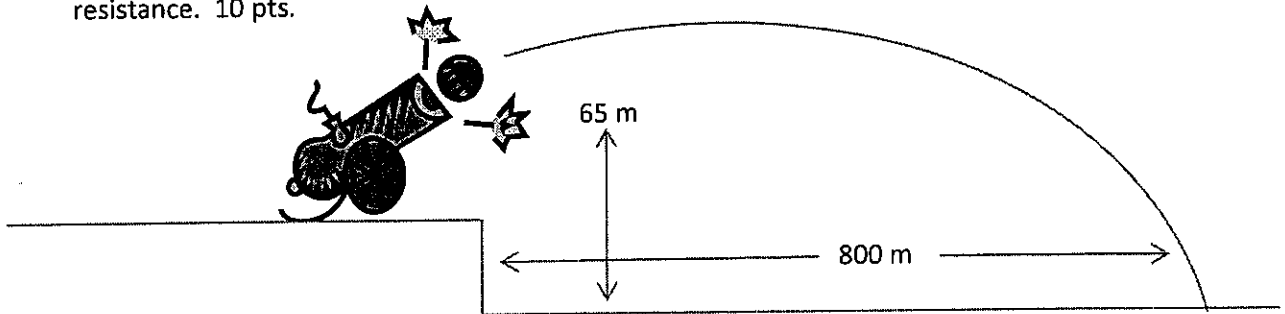


Directions: Answer each problem, showing all your work and labeling all of your units!!!

1. In the diagram below, a shell is fired from a cannon on the edge of a cliff. The mouth of the cannon is 65 m above the level of a lake. The shell is observed to fall into the water at a distance of 800 m from the bottom of the cliff 6 seconds after the cannon is fired. Neglect air resistance. 10 pts.



- a. Find the initial horizontal velocity of the shell. Ans = 133.33 m/s

$$\vec{v}_H = \frac{S_H}{t} = \frac{800\text{m}}{6\text{sec}} = \boxed{133.33\text{m/s}}$$

- b. Find the initial vertical component of the velocity of the shell. Ans = 18.6 m/s

up = +  
DN = -

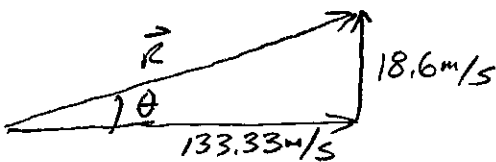
$S = -65\text{m}$   
 $a = -9.8\text{m/s}^2$   
 $t = 6.0\text{sec}$

$S = V_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$   
 $-65\text{m} = V_0 (6\text{sec}) + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8\text{m/s}^2) (6\text{sec})^2$

$V_0 = 18.6\text{m/s}$

- c. Find the initial velocity of the shell when fired. Ans = 134.6 m/s @ 7.9°

$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



$\tan \theta = \frac{18.6\text{m/s}}{133.33\text{m/s}}$   
 $\theta = 7.9^\circ$

$\vec{R} = 134.6\text{m/s} @ 7.9^\circ$  Above horizontal ground

- d. How high above the cliff does the shell rise? Ans = 17.65 m

UP = +  
DN = -

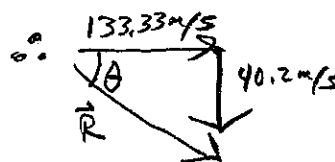
$V_0 = 18.6\text{m/s}$   
 $v_f = 0\text{m/s}$   
 $a = -9.8\text{m/s}^2$   
 $S = ?$

$v_f^2 = v_0^2 + 2aS$   
 $S = 17.65\text{m}$

- e. Find the velocity with which the shell strikes the water. Ans = 139.3 m/s @ 16.8°

$V_0 = 18.6\text{m/s}$   
 $v_f = ?$   
 $a = -9.8\text{m/s}^2$   
 $S = -65\text{m}$

$v_f^2 = v_0^2 + 2aS$   
 $v_f = 40.2\text{m/s}$



$\tan \theta = \frac{40.2\text{m/s}}{133.33\text{m/s}}$   
 $\theta = 16.8^\circ$

$\vec{R} = 139.3\text{m/s} @ 16.8^\circ$  with respect to water

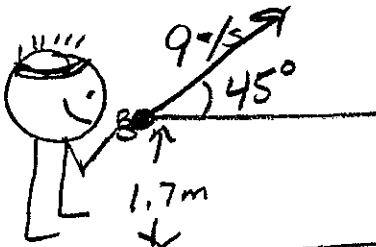
2. An athlete throws a shotput (mass 7.3 kg) with an initial velocity of 9 m/s at a 45 degree angle to the horizontal. Calculate the horizontal distance traveled. The shot leaves the shotputter's hand at a height of 1.7 m above the ground. 10 pts. Ans = 9.6 m

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \quad ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

a) solve  $v_x$  &  $v_y$

$$\sin 45^\circ = \frac{v_y}{9 \text{ m/s}} \quad v_y = 6.4 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\cos 45^\circ = \frac{v_x}{9 \text{ m/s}} \quad v_x = 6.4 \text{ m/s}$$



- b) Solve time in the air using quadratic formula.  
 $v_y = v_0 = 6.4 \text{ m/s}$      $s = -1.7 \text{ m}$   
 $a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$      $t = ?$

USE Quadratic TO SOLVE FOR Time

$$t = 1.5 \text{ sec}$$

$$c) \quad \bar{v}_H = \frac{S_H}{t}$$

$$S_H = \bar{v}_H \cdot t$$

$$S_H = 6.4 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \times 1.5 \text{ sec}$$

$$\boxed{S_H = 9.6 \text{ m}}$$

3. Draw the Free-Body diagram for the Box allowed to slide down the below incline. Label  $F_x$ ,  $F_N$ ,  $F_w$ ,  $F_{fr}$ . Draw the right triangle with dotted lines to show  $F_N$ , and  $F_x$  added together vectorally. 5 pts.

